Information Security and Management Policy

1 Purpose

Coffs Harbour City Council (Council) is committed to managing information security in accordance with Council policies, legislation and relevant laws and regulations.

This policy outlines how Council will manage and mitigate security risks to safeguard the confidentiality, integrity and availability of Council’s information and communication technology assets and environment.

2 Policy

Council is committed to the secure management of information and systems utilising a policy framework based on ISO 27001. Council will manage information security risks and controls within its budgetary constraints.

2.1 Information Security Principles

Council has adopted the following high-level information security principles to establish a sound foundation for information security policies and procedures:

- Information, in whatever form, is of fundamental importance to Council and as such Council will manage information security within a framework based on ISO 27001
- Information security risks will be managed considering broader Council objectives, strategies and priorities. A risk-based approach will be used to identify, evaluate and mitigate risks for the Council’s technology, systems and information assets
- This policy is based upon the following three elements of information security:
  - **Confidentiality**: ensuring information is only available to those who are authorised for access
  - **Integrity**: safeguarding the accuracy and completeness of information and processing methods
  - **Availability**: ensuring authorised users will have access to information when required
- Council’s Leadership Team will actively support information security with the organisational culture through clear direction, demonstrated commitment, explicit assignment and acknowledgment of information security responsibilities.

2.2 Supporting Policy Domains

This policy has 14 policy domains aligned with ISO2007:2013 as listed below. These domains are subject areas in which management controls are defined, applied and governed by one or more policies and procedures and are contained within the Information Security Management System (ISMS). The following table describes these domains.

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<th>Policy Domain</th>
<th>Summary</th>
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<td>Information Management</td>
<td>The ISMS provides the framework of principles, policies, procedures and</td>
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| Access Controls | Access to Council’s information and systems must be:  
- Attributed to a unique identity, usually an individual, who is responsible for actions performed within their system account  
- Based upon the principle of least privilege and the individual’s role  
- Managed by passwords compliant with Council’s Password procedure, be formally authorised, routinely reviewed and removed when no longer required. |
| --- | --- |
| Organisation of Information Security | Council’s Leadership Team will actively support security within the organisation through clear direction, demonstrated commitment, explicit assignment, and acknowledgement of information security responsibilities.  
Third party access to Council’s assets will only be granted upon and must be controlled and based on a risk assessment of grant such access. |
| Asset Management | ICT Assets, including hardware, software and data, will be identified and inventories maintained in an asset register. Council will maintain its records in accordance with State Records Act 1998, Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 and GA39 General Retention and Disposal Authority. |
| Human Resource Security | Council will communicate process and responsibilities relating to information security during recruitment, employment and separation. Employees will receive security awareness training during the induction process and at least annually during their employment. |
| Cryptography | Procedures and controls for ensuring data will be secured during transmission. Includes methods and processes for managing keys, software and other artefacts. |
| Physical and Environmental Security | Server Rooms and Communications cabinets must be environmentally controlled where appropriate and physical access limited to authorised Council staff, contractors and volunteers. |
| Operations Security | Procedures and controls that balance the need for IT Operations professionals and authorised contractors to have privileged access to systems and networks with the requirement to maintain secure access and confidentiality of data. Access into networks will be granted on an individual user and application basis using authorised devices. |
| Communications Security | Procedures and controls to manage the secure transmission of information to ensure confidentiality of sensitive data and to minimise the risk of data loss or leakage. Control mechanisms include the use of firewalls and gateways, encryption, VPNs and other software controls. |
| System acquisition, development and maintenance | Information security controls will be specified and included as an integral part of the software procurement and implementation process.  
System requirements will be identified prior to the procurement of ICT systems, documented in business requirements, explicitly approved by Business Systems, and validated and tested prior to implementation.  
Changes to software packages will be strictly controlled. |
| Supplier relationships | Council will implement security controls and processes to manage supplier access to information assets. Third parties will be given access privileges only at a level required to deliver the contracted services and contracts must comply with information security policies. |
Information security incident management

Council will develop formal procedures for reporting and responding to security incidents.

Information security aspects of business continuity management

Council’s Business Continuity Procedure and Plans outlines the controls and process to minimise disruption to operations in the event of a significant business interruption.

Compliance

All relevant statutory, regulatory and contractual requirements will be identified, documented and enforced for each information system.

All software will be legally acquired and must comply with copyright and licencing requirements. Personally acquired software is not permitted.

Procedures and controls to protect data and privacy.

3 Definitions

Information & Communication Technology (ICT): all hardware and software including computers, servers, storage systems and phones.

Virtual Private Network (VPN): creates a secure connection between a device and Council’s network.

4 Key Responsibilities

Information security is the responsibility of all staff.

Group Leader Business Systems has responsibility to update this policy.

5 References

- State Records Act 1998
- Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998
- GA39 General Retention and Disposal Authority

6 Details of Approval and revision

- Approval date: 6/12/2018
- Responsible Group: Business Systems Group
- Responsible Section: N/A
- Superseded policies/procedures: Information Management and Security Procedure
- Next review date: 31/08/2021

Table of amendments

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<th>Amendment</th>
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